

# OutlierD

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## R topics documented:

lcms . . . . .	1
OutlierD . . . . .	1

<b>Index</b>	<b>3</b>
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lcms	<i>LCMS data</i>
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### Description

This data set consists of LCMS data with two samples.

### Usage

```
data(lcms)
```

### Format

a matrix for LCMS data, rows=peptides, columns=samples

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OutlierD	<i>Outlier detection using quantile regression on the M-A scatterplots of high-throughput data</i>
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### Description

This detects outliers using quantile regression on the M-A scatterplots of high-throughput data.

### Usage

```
OutlierD(x1, x2, k=1.5, method="nonlin")
```

**Arguments**

x1	one n-by-1 vector for data (n= number of peptides, proteins, or genes)
x2	the other n-by-1 vector for data (n= number of peptides, proteins, or genes)
k	parameter in $Q1-k*IQR$ and $Q3+k*IQR$ , $IQR=Q3-Q1$ , $k=1.5$ (default)
method	one of constant, linear, nonlinear, and nonparametric quantile regression

**Value**

x	data and results for outliers
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**Examples**

```
data(lcms)
x <- log2(lcms) #log2-tranformation, do normalization if necessary

fit1 <- OutlierD(x1=x[,1], x2=x[,2], method="constant")
fit2 <- OutlierD(x1=x[,1], x2=x[,2], method="linear")
fit3 <- OutlierD(x1=x[,1], x2=x[,2], method="nonlin")
fit4 <- OutlierD(x1=x[,1], x2=x[,2], method="nonpar")

fit3$x[1:10,]

plot(fit3$x$A, fit3$x$M, pch=".", xlab="A", ylab="M")
i <- sort.list(fit3$x$A)
lines(fit3$x$A[i], fit3$x$Q3[i], lty=2); lines(fit3$x$A[i], fit3$x$Q1[i], lty=2)
lines(fit3$x$A[i], fit3$x$LB[i]); lines(fit3$x$A[i], fit3$x$UB[i])
title("Nonlinear")
```

# Index

**\*Topic datasets**

lcms, 1

**\*Topic models**

OutlierD, 1

lcms, 1

OutlierD, 1